

**ĐỀ CHÍNH THỨC**

**ĐỀ THI MÔN: TIẾNG ANH**

Ngày thi: 09/3/2014

Thời gian làm bài: 150 phút (không kể thời gian phát đề)

(Đề thi gồm có: 10 trang)

Họ và tên thí sinh: _____	Giám thị 1: _____	STT do giám thị ghi
Số báo danh: _____ Phòng thi _____	Giám thị 2: _____	Số phách (Do CT HĐ chấm thi ghi)
Trường _____ Huyện _____	(Ký tên - Ghi họ và tên)	

✂

**(Phần này dành cho hội đồng chấm thi)**

Điểm từng phần	Điểm bài thi		Họ tên và chữ ký		Số phách
	Bảng số	Bảng chữ	Giám khảo 1		
Câu I:.....			Giám khảo 2		STT do HĐ chấm thi ghi
Câu II:.....					
Câu III:.....					Số phách (Do HĐ phúc khảo ghi)
Câu IV:.....					
Tổng:.....					

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**(Phần này dành cho hội đồng phúc khảo)**

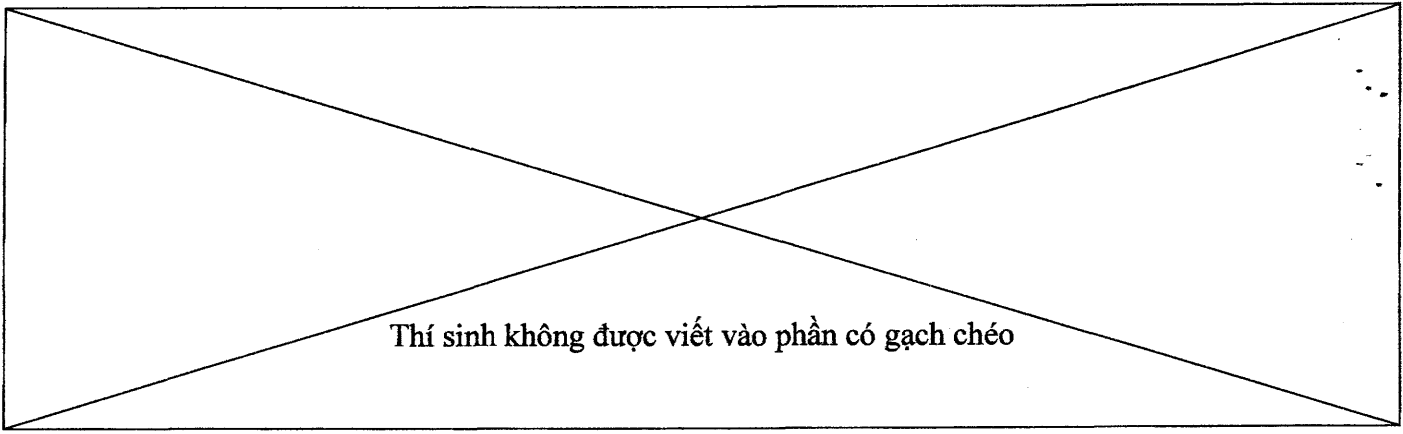
Điểm từng phần	Điểm bài thi		Họ tên và chữ ký		Số phách (Do HĐ phúc khảo ghi)
	Bảng số	Bảng chữ	Giám khảo 1	Giám khảo 2	
Câu I:.....					
Câu II:.....					
Câu III:.....					
Câu IV:.....					
Tổng:.....					

**I. LISTENING (2 marks)**

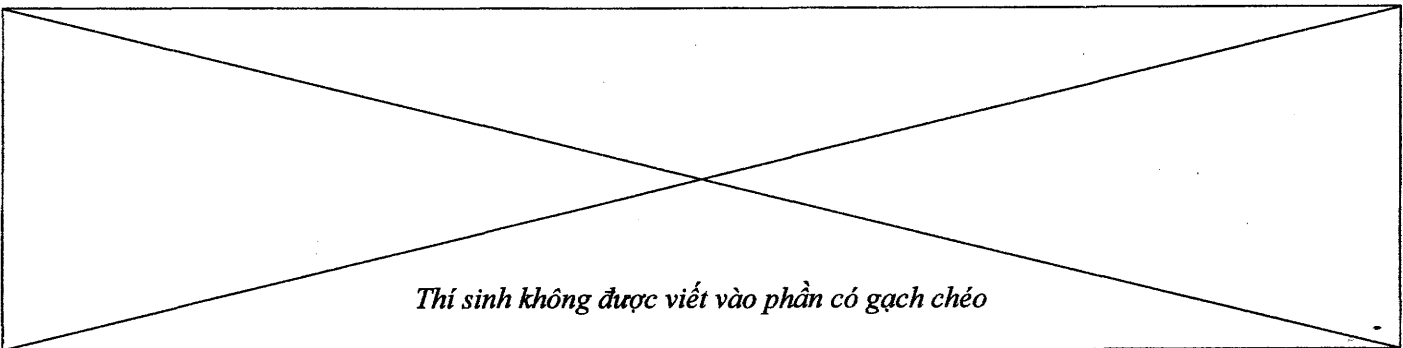
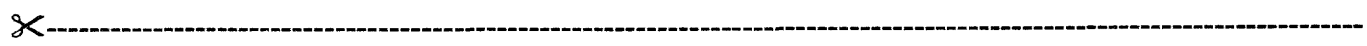
**A. Listen to the CD player twice and complete the form below. (1 m)**

**Write NO MORE THAN ONE WORD OR A NUMBER for each answer. Write your answer in the box below.**

<b>Oakham Surgery New Patient Form</b>	
<i>Example</i> NEW PATIENT'S ROAD	<i>Answer</i> Dawson Road



Thí sinh không được viết vào phần có gạch chéo



Thí sinh không được viết vào phần có gạch chéo

FULL NAME	Mike (1) _____
WIFE'S FIRST NAME	Janet _____
CHILDRENS' FIRST NAMES	1 <sup>st</sup> (2) _____
	2 <sup>nd</sup> _____
	3 <sup>rd</sup> _____
	4 <sup>th</sup> _____
ADDRESS	52 Dawson Road (3) _____ Melbourne
HEALTH CARD NUMBER	(4) _____
WIFE'S HEALTH CARD NUMBER	will give later
PREFERRED DOCTOR SELECTED	(5) _____

**ANSWERS:**

1	2	3	4	5

Thí sinh không được viết vào phần có gạch chéo

**B. Listen to the CD player twice and circle the correct letters A, B, or C. Write your answer in the box below. (1 m)**

6. When is Mike's wife's first appointment?  
 A. Friday 21<sup>st</sup> at 2.00pm      B. Friday 21<sup>st</sup> at 2.30pm      C. Friday 21<sup>st</sup> at 3.30pm
7. What is the surgery's phone number?  
 A. 7253 9819      B. 7253 9829      C. 7523 9829
8. What is the name of the girl with whom Mike is speaking at the surgery?  
 A. Rachel      B. Elizabeth      C. Angela
9. What's the night doctor's mobile number?  
 A. 0506 759 3856      B. 0506 759 3857      C. 0506 758 3856
10. Which of the following does the surgery NOT make a charge for?  
 A. Travel vaccinations      B. Consultations      C. Insurance reports

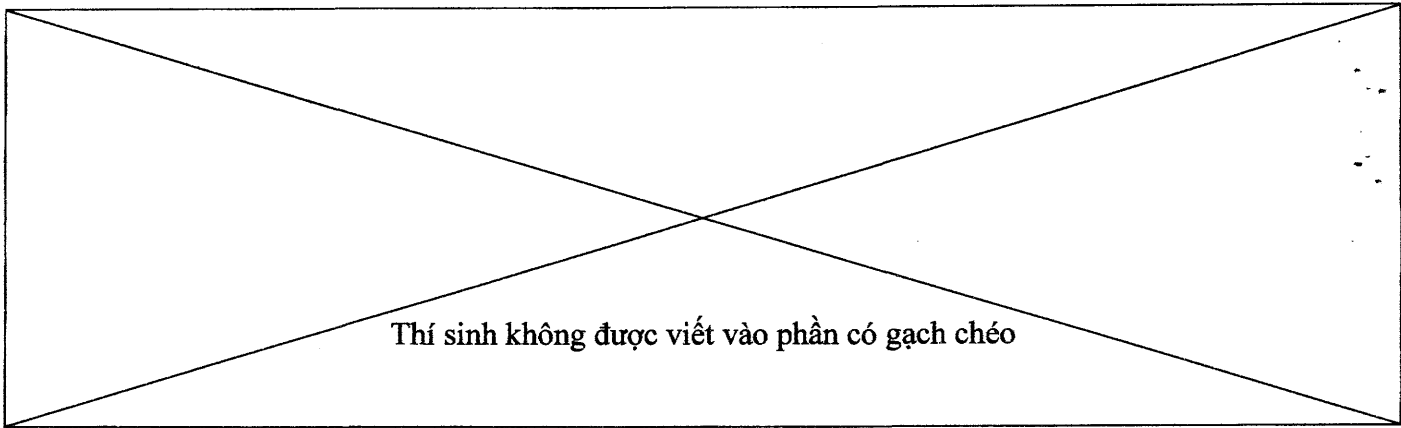
**ANSWERS:**

6	7	8	9	10

**II. GRAMMAR – VOCABULARY (8 marks)**

**A. Choose the best answer A, B, C, or D to complete each sentence and write it in the box below. (2 ms)**

1. It's a good idea to see your doctor regularly for \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. a revision      B. a control      C. an investigation      D. a check-up
2. Most young people want to \_\_\_\_\_ more about environmental problems.  
 A. look up      B. find out      C. deal with      D. make out
3. Jack can't remember \_\_\_\_\_ the telephone number down.  
 A. write      B. to write      C. writing      D. written
4. Do you know all the guests \_\_\_\_\_ to the party?  
 A. inviting      B. invited      C. who invited      D. were invited
5. I'd like to \_\_\_\_\_ an appointment to see the doctor.  
 A. do      B. say      C. organize      D. make
6. We are going on \_\_\_\_\_ excursion to visit Huong pagoda.  
 A. a two-day      B. a two-days      C. two-day      D. two-days
7. Take your coat with you \_\_\_\_\_ it gets cold later.  
 A. if      B. as long as      C. when      D. in case
8. Could you \_\_\_\_\_ me ten pounds until next pay day?  
 A. let      B. provide      C. borrow      D. lend
9. He is thought \_\_\_\_\_ in a foreign country when he was 20.  
 A. to work      B. to have worked      C. working      D. has worked
10. There isn't \_\_\_\_\_ foreign news in the paper.



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A. a lot

B. lots

C. many

D. much

**ANSWERS:**

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

**B. There are 5 mistakes in the passage. Write out the mistakes and correct them. (1 m)**

Line	
1	Tet holiday is celebrating on the first day of the Lunar New Year. Some weeks
2	before the New Year, the Vietnamese clean their houses and paint their walls. One
3	or two days before the festival, people make Banh Chung, who is the traditional
4	cake. On the New Year's Eve, the whole family gets together for a reunion dinner.
5	Every member of the family should be present during the dinner in which much
6	different kinds of dishes is served. On the New Year's morning, the young members
7	of the family pay them respects to the elders. In return they receive lucky money
8	wrapping in red tiny envelopes. Then people go to visit their neighbors, friends and
9	relatives.

**ANSWERS:**

LINE	MISTAKES	CORRECTED WORDS
1	celebrating	celebrated
3		
5		
6		
7		
8		

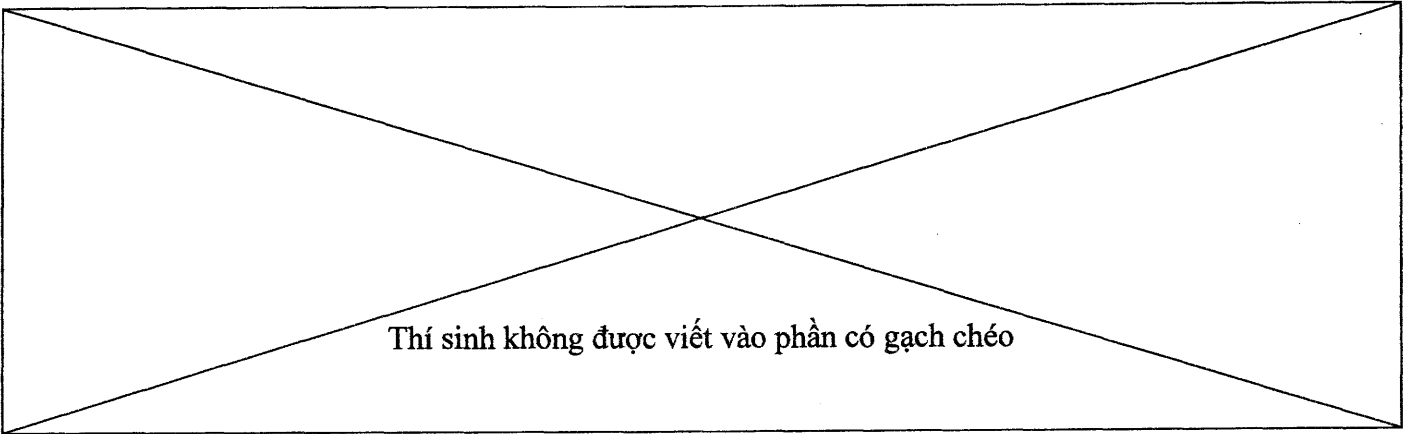
**C. Provide the correct form of the words given. (2 ms)**

**A POPULAR WRITER**

Emma Harte, in Barbara Taylor Bradford's novel, was a poor (0) *lonely* girl who became the (1) ..... owner of an international chain of stores. Like the woman she writes about, Ms Bradford is beautiful and (2) ..... She left school at sixteen and became a (3) ..... After twenty-three years of this work, she made the (4) ..... to start writing novels.

She is now one of the most (5) ..... -paid novelists in the world. Was Emma Harte's story based on Ms Bradford's own (6) ..... successful life? 'I'm afraid not,' she said with (7) ..... 'My life has been quite different from Emma Harte's. She was (8) ..... to be born into a poor family. I came from a middle-class home and I'm

- 0. lone
- 1. wealth
- 2. ambition
- 3. journal
- 4. decide
- 5. high
- 6. incredible
- 7. amuse
- 8. luck



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(9) ..... married to a rich American film producer. The only thing I share with my heroine is her (10) ..... to work hard.' **9. happy**  
**10. able**

**ANSWERS:**

1	
2	
3	
4	
5	

6	
7	
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9	
10	

**D. Complete the passage with the correct form of the verbs in the brackets. (2 ms)**

Rob Fellow (1) \_\_\_\_\_ (come) from England. He (2) \_\_\_\_\_ (come) to Paris six months ago to learn French. He (3) \_\_\_\_\_ (start) learning French at school in England when he (4) \_\_\_\_\_ (be) eleven, so he (5) \_\_\_\_\_ (learn) it for nearly 10 years. He just (6) \_\_\_\_\_ (take) an exam. If he (7) \_\_\_\_\_ (pass), he (8) \_\_\_\_\_ (move) into the next class. He (9) \_\_\_\_\_ (be) excited today because his parents (10) \_\_\_\_\_ (come) tomorrow to stay with him for a few days.

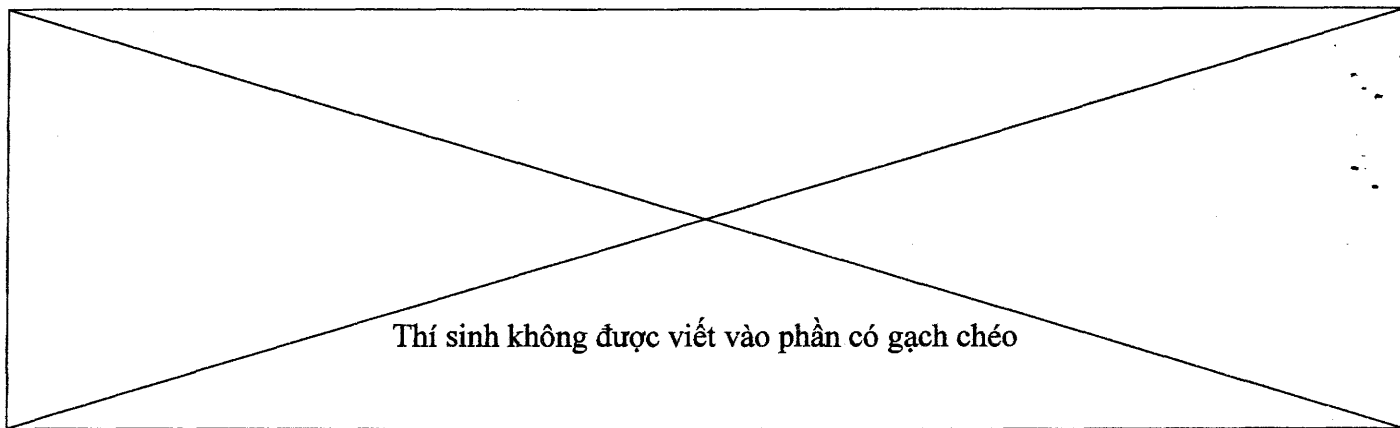
**ANSWERS:**

1	
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3	
4	
5	

6	
7	
8	
9	
10	

**E. Write a suitable preposition for each sentence in the box below. (1 m)**

- Mrs. Jones's husband passed \_\_\_\_\_ last Friday. We are all shocked by the news.
- Marge is at home recovering \_\_\_\_\_ her illness.
- It took women a long time to struggle \_\_\_\_\_ the right to vote.
- Before the plane took \_\_\_\_\_, the flight attendant told everyone to fasten their seat belts and put their chairs in an upright position.
- I didn't get to see the end of that mystery movie on TV last night. How did it turn \_\_\_\_\_?



Thí sinh không được viết vào phần có gạch chéo

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**ANSWERS:**

1	2	3	4	5

**III. READING (4 marks)**

**A. Read the passage below carefully and write the best answer A, B, C, or D in the box below. (2 ms)**

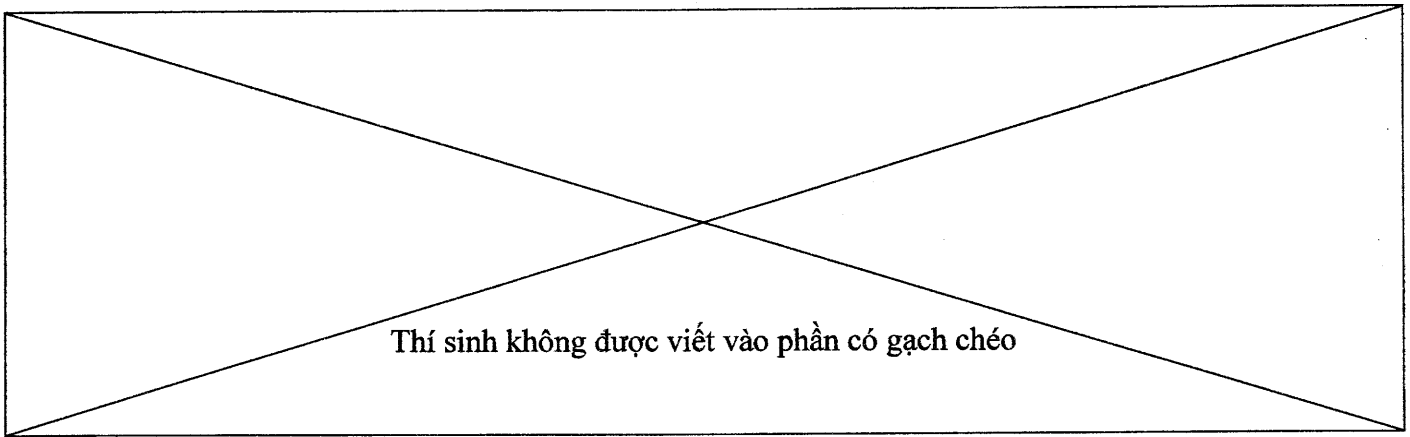
Environmental pollution is a term that (1) \_\_\_\_\_ to all the ways by which man pollutes his surroundings. Man dirties the air with (2) \_\_\_\_\_ gases and smoke, (3) \_\_\_\_\_ the water with chemicals and other substances, and damages the (4) \_\_\_\_\_ with too many fertilizers and pesticides. Man also pollutes his surroundings (5) \_\_\_\_\_ various other ways. For example, people ruin natural beauty by (6) \_\_\_\_\_ junk and litter on the land and in the water.

Environmental pollution is one of the most serious problems facing mankind today. Air, water, and soil are necessary to the (7) \_\_\_\_\_ of all living things. Badly polluted air can cause illness and (8) \_\_\_\_\_ death. Polluted water kills fish and other (9) \_\_\_\_\_ life. Pollution of soil reduces the amount of land that is available for growing food. Environmental pollution also brings ugliness to man's (10) \_\_\_\_\_ beautiful world.

- |                |                |                |              |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|
| 1. A. means    | B. refers      | C. provides    | D. reduces   |
| 2. A. thick    | B. natural     | C. exhaust     | D. influent  |
| 3. A. purifies | B. pumps       | C. sprays      | D. poisons   |
| 4. A. soil     | B. forests     | C. streets     | D. beaches   |
| 5. A. on       | B. in          | C. by          | D. with      |
| 6. A. spoiling | B. leaving     | C. scattering  | D. gathering |
| 7. A. survival | B. environment | C. development | D. growth    |
| 8. A. so       | B. ever        | C. too         | D. even      |
| 9. A. animal   | B. marine      | C. human       | D. plant     |
| 10. A. nature  | B. natural     | C. naturally   | D. natured   |

**ANSWERS:**

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10



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**B. Read the passage and fill in each blank with ONE word. (1 m)**

**LEARNING THE LANGUAGE**

Illiteracy is the condition (1) \_\_\_\_ being unable to read and write. Illiteracy is also used to describe the condition of being ignorant in a particular subject or field. Computer illiteracy is (2) \_\_\_\_ inability to use a computer programming.

Most of us (3) \_\_\_\_ use computers can send emails, or know how to create a new folder. But we know nothing about programming languages, the artificial languages used to write instructions that can be executed (4) \_\_\_\_ a computer. Only a very small percentage of computer users are (5) \_\_\_\_ to read and write any kind of computer language.

**ANSWERS:**

1	2	3	4	5

**C. Read the passage carefully and choose the best answer to the questions below. (1 m)**

The body language people use often communicates more about their feelings than the words they are saying. We use body movements, hand gestures, facial expressions, and changes in our voice to communicate with each other. Although some body language is universal, many gestures are culturally specific and may mean different things in different countries.

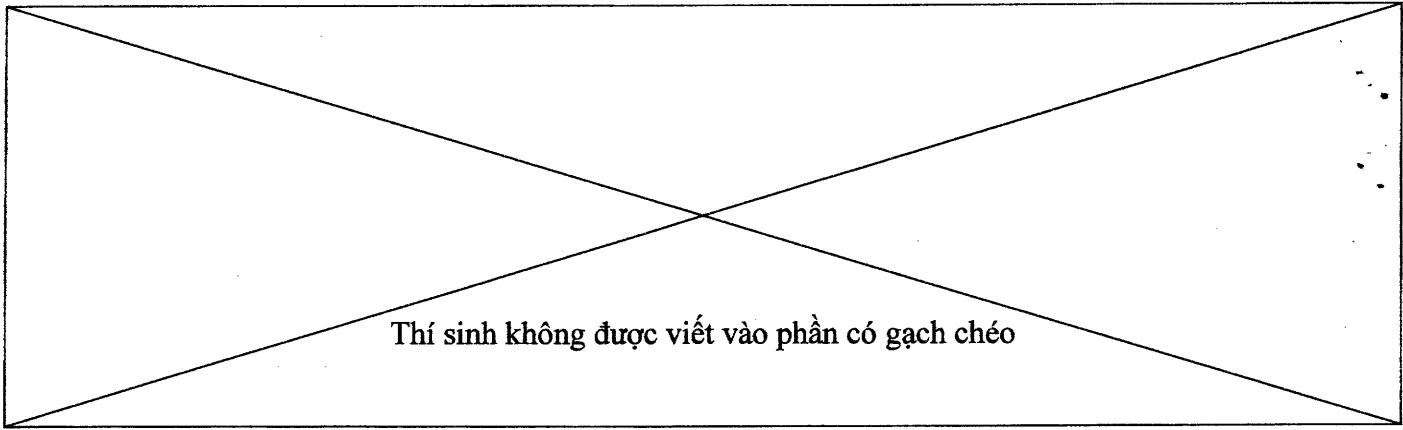
If you want to give someone the nod in Bulgaria, you have to nod your head to say no and shake it to say yes- the exact opposite of what we do! In Belgium, pointing with your index finger or snapping your fingers at someone is very rude.

In France, you shouldn't rest your feet on tables or chairs. Speaking to someone with your hands in your pockets will only make matters worse. In the Middle East, you should never show the soles of your feet or shoes to *others* as it will be seen as a grave insult. When eating, only use your right hand because they use their left hands when going to the bathroom.

In Bangladesh, the 'thumbs-up' is a rude sign. In Myanmar, people greet each other by clapping, and in India, whistling in public is considered rude.

In Japan, you should not blow your nose in public, but you can burp at the end of a meal to show that you have enjoyed it. The 'OK' sign (thumb and index finger forming a circle) means 'everything is good' in the West, but in China it means nothing or zero. In Japan, it means money, and in the Middle East, it is a rude gesture.

1. It is mentioned in the passage that many gestures \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. are not used to communicate our feelings
  - B. may mean different things in different countries
  - C. can be used to greet each other in public
  - D. are used in greeting among men and women
2. People nod their head to say no in \_\_\_\_\_.



Thí sinh không được viết vào phần có gạch chéo

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- A. Belgium                      B. France                      C. Japan                      D. Bulgaria
3. In the Middle East, people do not use their left hands for eating because they use their left hands \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. when preparing the meal                      B. to put in their pockets  
C. to clean their tables and chairs                      D. when going to the bathroom
4. Which of the following is **NOT** true according to the passage?
- A. In Belgium, snapping your fingers at someone is very rude.  
B. In Myanmar, people greet each other by clapping.  
C. In China, the 'OK' sign means money.  
D. In France, people shouldn't rest their feet on tables.
5. The word "*others*" in paragraph 3 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. other people                      B. other shoes                      C. other soles                      D. other feet

**ANSWERS:**

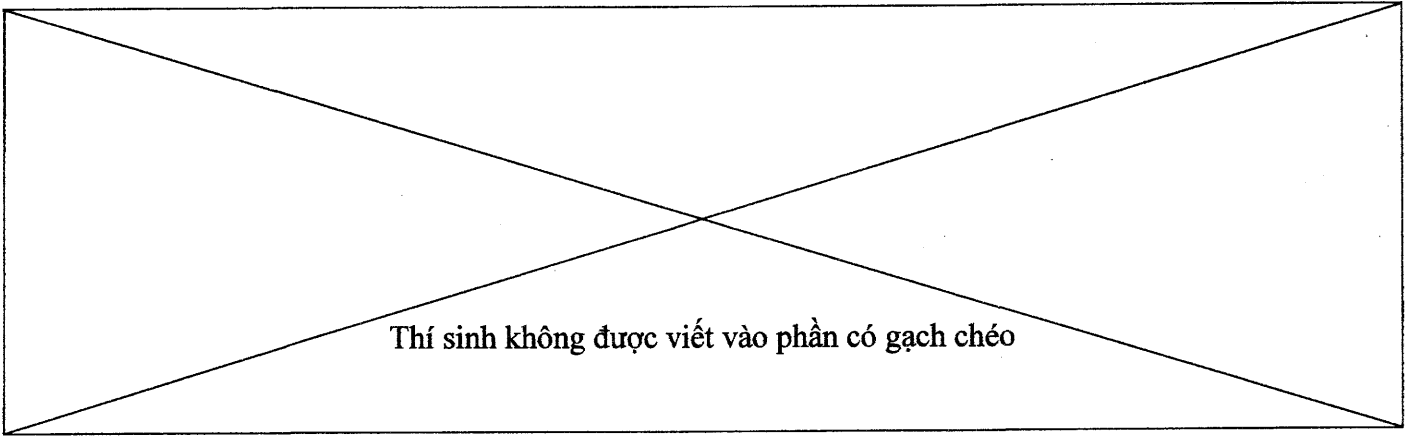
1	2	3	4	5

**IV. WRITING (6 marks)**

**A. Write the second sentence that has the same meaning as the first one. (1,5 ms)**

1. The restaurant is so dirty that no one wants to eat there.  
It is such \_\_\_\_\_
2. If I had known all the facts, I would not have rung the police.  
Because I \_\_\_\_\_
3. If I were you, I'd look for another job.  
I suggested \_\_\_\_\_
4. England no longer had dreadful fogs.  
There used to \_\_\_\_\_
5. I would like you to help me to put the chair away.  
Do you mind \_\_\_\_\_





Thí sinh không được viết vào phần có gạch chéo



**B. Complete the second sentence so that it has the similar meaning to the first one using the word given. Do not change the word given. (1,5 ms)**

Example      The programme only finished a minute ago.  
**JUST**  
The programme has just finished

1. A newly qualified dentist took out Mr. Dupont's tooth.

**HAD**  
Mr. Dupont \_\_\_\_\_ by a newly qualified dentist.

2. Seeing a cartoon for the first time was an exciting experience.

**SEEN**  
I \_\_\_\_\_ before, so it was an exciting experience.

3. We might not find it easy to book a seat at the last minute.

**COULD**  
It \_\_\_\_\_ us to book a seat at the last minute.

4. My brother lives nearer to me than my mother does.

**FAR**  
My brother does not \_\_\_\_\_ from me as my mother does.

5. Gorge spent ages tidying up his room.

**TOOK**  
It \_\_\_\_\_ up his room.

**C. Write an exposition. (3 ms)**

*"Studying abroad has many advantages"*. Do you agree or disagree? Write an exposition of 100-150 words to express your own opinion. You must write at least four paragraphs.

**ANSWERS:**

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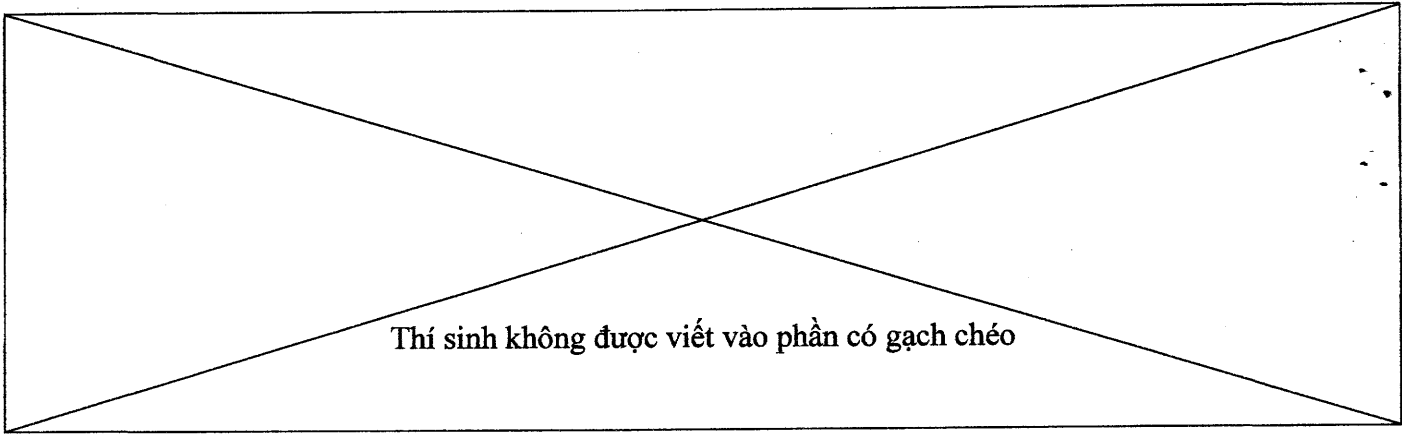
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Thí sinh không được viết vào phần có gạch chéo



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**THE END.**

**HƯỚNG DẪN CHẤM ĐỀ CHÍNH THỨC MÔN TIẾNG ANH**

*Ngày thi: 09/3/2014*

*(Hướng dẫn chấm gồm có: 04 trang)*

**I. LISTENING (2 marks)**

**A. Listen to the CD player twice and complete the form below. (1 m)**

**Write NO MORE THAN ONE WORD OR A NUMBER for each answer.**

SENTENCES	CONTENTS	MARKS
1	Jacobs	0,2
2	Rod	0,2
3	Highfield	0,2
4	NH 87 18 12 C	0,2
5	Dr. (Kevin) White	0,2

**B. Listen to the CD player twice and circle the correct letters A, B, or C. (1 m)**

SENTENCES	CONTENTS	MARKS
6	A	0,2
7	B	0,2
8	C	0,2
9	A	0,2
10	B	0,2

**II. GRAMMAR – VOCABULARY (8 marks)**

**A. Choose the best answer A, B, C, or D to complete the sentence. (2 ms)**

SENTENCES	CONTENTS	MARKS
1	D	0,2
2	B	0,2
3	C	0,2
4	B	0,2
5	D	0,2
6	A	0,2
7	D	0,2
8	D	0,2
9	B	0,2
10	D	0,2

**B. There are 5 mistakes in the passage. Write out the mistakes and correct them. (1 m)**

LINES	MISTAKES	CORRECTED WORDS	MARKS
3	1. who	which	0,2
5	2. much	many	0,2
6	3. is	are	0,2
7	4. them	their	0,2
8	5. wrapping	wrapped	0,2

**C. Complete the passage with the correct form of the words in the brackets. (2 ms)**

SENTENCES	CONTENTS	MARKS
1	wealthy	0,2
2	ambitious	0,2
3	journalist	0,2
4	decision	0,2
5	highly	0,2
6	incredibly	0,2
7	amusement	0,2
8	unlucky	0,2
9	happily	0,2
10	ability	0,2

**D. Complete the passage with the correct form of the verbs in the brackets. (2 ms)**

SENTENCES	CONTENTS	MARKS
1	comes	0,2
2	came	0,2
3	started	0,2
4	was	0,2
5	has learnt/ has been learning	0,2
6	has just taken/ took	0,2
7	passes	0,2
8	will move	0,2
9	is	0,2
10	will come/ are coming/ are going to come	0,2

**E. Fill in the blank with a suitable preposition. (1 m)**

SENTENCES	CONTENTS	MARKS
1	away	0,2
2	from	0,2
3	for	0,2
4	off	0,2
5	out	0,2

**III. READING (4 marks)**

**A. Read the passage below carefully and circle the best answer A, B, C, or D. (2 ms)**

SENTENCES	CONTENTS	MARKS
1	B	0,2
2	C	0,2
3	D	0,2
4	A	0,2
5	B	0,2
6	C	0,2
7	A	0,2
8	D	0,2
9	B	0,2
10	B	0,2

**B. Read the passage and fill in blank with ONE word. (1 m)**

SENTENCES	CONTENTS	MARKS
1	of	0,2
2	the	0,2
3	who/that	0,2
4	by	0,2
5	able	0,2

**C. Read the passage again and choose the best answer. (1 m)**

SENTENCES	CONTENTS	MARKS
1	B	0,2
2	D	0,2
3	D	0,2
4	C	0,2
5	A	0,2

**IV. WRITING (6 marks)**

**A. Write the second sentence that has the same meaning as the first one. (1,5 ms)**

SENTENCES	CONTENTS	MARKS
1	It is such a dirty restaurant that no one wants to eat there.	0,3
2	Because I didn't know all the facts, I rang the police	0,3
3	I suggested you should look for another job.	0,3
4	There used to be dreadful dogs in England.	0,3
5	Do you mind helping me to put the chair away?	0,3

**B. Write the second sentence that has the same meaning as the first one. (1,5 ms)**

SENTENCES	CONTENTS	MARKS
1	Mr Dupont <i>had his tooth taken out</i> by a newly qualified dentist.	0,3
2	I <i>had never seen a cartoon</i> before, so it was an exciting experience.	0,3
3	It <i>could be difficult/hard for</i> us to book a seat at the last minute.	0,3
4	My brother does not <i>lived as far as</i> from me as my mother does.	0,3
5	It <i>took Gorge/him ages to tidy</i> up his room..	0,3

**C. Write an exposition about 100 – 150 words. (3 ms)**

**I. Introduction: (2-3 câu)**

General introduction	0,25
Thesis statement	0,25

**II. Body:**

**Paragraph 1**

Topic sentence	0,25
Supporting 1	0,25
Supporting 2 (example)	0,25

## Paragraph 2

Topic sentence	0,25
Supporting 1	0,25
Supporting 2 (example)	0,25

## III. Conclusion: (2-3 câu)

Summary	0,25
Giving their own thought / impression / suggestion / ...	0,25

### \* Từ ngữ. cấu trúc:

- Sử dụng các từ nối câu, nối ý một cách phong phú	0,25
- Trình bày mạch lạc, ngôn ngữ, cấu trúc đa dạng, dễ hiểu	0,25

### CHÚ Ý:

1. Trừ điểm sai ngữ pháp, chính tả, ... - 0,2 / lỗi nhưng không quá 0,6
2. Thí sinh phải nêu ít nhất hai ý. Nếu nêu nhiều hơn: chọn ba ý hay nhất để tính điểm, nhưng lỗi sai được tính cho tất cả)