

ĐỀ CHÍNH THỨC

Mã đề thi 132

Đề gồm có 04 trang

ĐỀ THI MÔN: TIẾNG ANH

Ngày thi: 05/3/2017

Thời gian làm bài: 90 phút (Không kể thời gian phát đề);
(50 câu trắc nghiệm)

SECTION A (12,0 points)

Listen to the recording twice and choose the correct answer A, B, C, or D from 1 to 4.

Question 1: What kind of course is the man seeking?

- A. Daytime B. Everyday C. Evenings D. Weekends

Question 2: How long does the man want to study?

- A. 6 months B. 12 weeks C. 22 weeks D. 8 months

Question 3: What proficiency level is the student?

- A. Advanced B. Elementary C. Intermediate D. Beginner

Question 4: When does the man want to start the course?

- A. March B. October C. September D. June

Listen to the recording twice and choose the correct answer A, B, C, or D from 5 to 8.

Question 5: The shopping centre opened _____.

- A. three years ago B. three weeks ago C. two months ago D. three days ago

Question 6: The speaker suggests the best way of travelling to Waterside by _____.

- A. bicycle B. coach C. car D. train

Question 7: On the third level, you can _____.

- A. get information B. find a bank C. do shopping D. watch a film

Question 8: What does the speaker complain about?

- A. The waiter was impolite. B. The service in the shop was slow.
C. There was nowhere to put rubbish. D. The food in the café was disappointing.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions from 9 to 12.

Question 9: Natural gas was probably formed from plants and animals that decayed million of years ago.

- A. from B. million C. probably D. that

Question 10: In 1729, Benjamin Franklin published the Pennsylvania Gazette, which soon became the most read widely newspaper in the colonies.

- A. read widely B. published C. which D. soon

Question 11: When eggs of some species of insects hatch, the newly born insects look almost like its adult counterparts.

- A. look B. its C. When D. species

Question 12: Plants, which make up 90 percentage of visible living organisms, get their food energy from sunlight.

- A. percentage B. make up C. living D. food

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions from 13 to 14.

Question 13: A. suggestion B. congestion C. digestion D. devotion

Question 14: A. wicked B. naked C. booked D. wretched

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 15 to 19.

Question 15: We had the volume turned down, so I couldn't make _____ what they were talking about.

- A. out B. up C. in D. off

Question 16: _____ flying, a bat emits a rapid series of ultrasonic signals, which bounce off any object in its path.

- A. When is B. When it is C. When it D. It is

Question 17: The tourists refused to _____ the poor services.

- A. stand in for B. put up with C. get away from D. get on with

Question 18: _____ does not circle around the earth was proven by Galileo.

- A. As the rest of the universe
C. The rest of the universe

- B. Since the rest of the universe
D. That the rest of the universe

Question 19: Snakes have an organ in a pit on their heads _____ infrared rays.

- A. detects B. a detection of C. that detects D. it detects

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions from 20 to 21.

Question 20: He is among wealthy members of the golf club. He possesses houses, land and property across the country.

- A. adjacent B. acrid C. affluent D. adroit

Question 21: With respect to money, angels are very cautious in choosing which company to invest in so as to maximize the return.

- A. In appreciation of B. In favor of C. With regard to D. With fondness for

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions from 22 to 23.

Question 22: At the managers' meeting, the group decided against the new project as a viable option and decided on another direction to ensure success for the company's fall line.

- A. impractical B. feasible C. practical D. positive

Question 23: Synthetic products are made from chemicals or artificial substances.

- A. natural B. made by machine C. man-made D. unusual

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 24 to 28.

Line It is commonly believed in the United States that school is where people go to get an education. Nevertheless, it has been said that today children interrupt their education to go to school. The distinction between schooling and education implied by this remark is important.

Education is much more open-ended and all-inclusive than schooling. Education knows no (5) **bounds**. It can take place anywhere, whether in the shower or on the job, whether in a kitchen or on a tractor. It includes both the formal learning that takes place in schools and the whole universe of informal learning. The agents of education can range from a revered grandparent to the people debating politics on the radio, from a child to a distinguished scientist. Whereas schooling has a certain predictability, education quite often produces surprises. A chance (10) conversation with a stranger may lead a person to discover how little is known of other religions. People are engaged in education from infancy on. Education, then, is a very broad, inclusive term. It is a lifelong process, a process that starts long before the start of school, and one that should be an integral part of one's entire life.

Schooling, on the other hand, is a specific, formalized process, whose general pattern (15) varies little from one setting to the next. Throughout a country, children arrive at school at approximately the same time, take assigned seats, are taught by an adult, use similar textbooks, do homework, take exams, and so on. The slices of reality that are to be learned, whether **they** are the alphabet or an understanding of the workings of government, have usually been limited by the boundaries of the subject being taught. For example, high school (20) students know that they are not likely to find out in their classes the truth about political problems in their communities or what the newest filmmakers are experimenting with. There are definite conditions surrounding the formalized process of schooling.

Question 24: What does the author probably mean by using the expression "**children interrupt their education to go to school**" (lines 2-3)?

- A. Summer school makes the school year too long.
B. Going to several different schools is educationally beneficial.
C. School vacations interrupt the continuity of the school year.
D. All of life is an education.

Question 25: The word "**bounds**" in line 5 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. limits B. rules C. experiences D. exceptions

Question 26: The word "**they**" in line 18 refers to _____.

- A. slices of reality B. similar textbooks C. boundaries D. seats

Question 27: The passage supports which of the following conclusions?

- A. Going to school is only part of how people become educated.

- B. Without formal education, people would remain ignorant.
- C. Education systems need to be radically reformed.
- D. Education involves many years of professional training.

Question 28: The passage is organized by _____.

- A. giving examples of different kinds of schools
- B. listing and discussing several educational problems
- C. narrating a story about excellent teachers
- D. contrasting the meanings of two related words

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 29 to 38.

Modern Science

It seems entirely (29) _____ to us that there are teams of scientists in universities and other institutions around the world, attempting to (30) _____ the way the world works. However, it hasn't always been that (31) _____. Although the scientific method is now four or five hundred years old, the ancient Greeks, for example, believed that they could work out the (32) _____ of natural events just by the power of thought.

During the 17th century, more and more people began to realise that they could (33) _____ their scientific ideas by designing a relevant (34) _____ and seeing what happened. A lot of (35) _____ was made in this way by individual scientists. These men and women often worked alone, carrying out (36) _____ into many different areas of science, and they often received very little (37) _____ for their hard work. At the start of the 20th century, though, it became (38) _____ that science was becoming more complicated and more expensive. The individual scientist disappeared, to be replaced by highly qualified teams of experts. Modern science was born.

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|-----------------------------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|
| Question 29: A. real | B. physical | C. typical | D. natural |
| Question 30: A. discover | B. create | C. invent | D. construct |
| Question 31: A. technique | B. route | C. method | D. way |
| Question 32: A. impulses | B. aims | C. reasons | D. causes |
| Question 33: A. test | B. calculate | C. estimate | D. measure |
| Question 34: A. experiment | B. research | C. attempt | D. analysis |
| Question 35: A. progress | B. development | C. movement | D. evolution |
| Question 36: A. research | B. experiment | C. discovery | D. education |
| Question 37: A. reward | B. award | C. prize | D. gift |
| Question 38: A. actual | B. true | C. accurate | D. clear |

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 39 to 48.

Line Basic to any understanding of Canada in the 20 years after the Second World War is the country's impressive population growth. For every three Canadians in 1945, there were over **five** in 1966. In September 1966 Canada's population passed the 20 million mark. Most of this **surging** growth came from natural increase. The depression of the 1930's and the war had held back marriages, and the catching-up process began after 1945. The baby boom continued through the decade of the 1950's, producing a population increase of nearly fifteen percent in the five years from 1951 to 1956. This rate of increase had been exceeded only once before in Canada's history, in the decade before 1911, when the prairies were being settled. Undoubtedly, the good economic conditions of the 1950's supported a growth in the population, but the expansion also derived from a trend toward earlier marriages and an increase in the average size of families. In 1957 the Canadian birth rate stood at 28 per thousand, one of the highest in the world.

(5) (10) (15) (20) After the **peak** year of 1957, the birth rate in Canada began to decline. It continued falling until in 1966 it stood at the lowest level in 25 years. Partly this decline reflected the low level of births during the depression and the war, but it was also caused by changes in Canadian society. Young people were staying at school longer; more woman were working; young married couples were buying automobiles or houses before starting families; rising living standards were cutting down the size of families. It appeared that Canada was once more falling in step with the trend toward smaller families that had occurred all through the Western world since the time of the Industrial Revolution.

Although the growth in Canada's population had slowed down by 1966 (the increase in the first half of the 1960's was only nine percent), another large population wave was coming

over the horizon. It would be composed of the children of the children who were born during (24) the period of the high birth rate prior to 1957.

Question 39: What does the passage mainly discuss?

- A. Educational changes in Canadian society B. Canada during the Second World War
C. Population trends in postwar Canada D. Standards of living in Canada

Question 40: According to the passage, when did Canada's baby boom begin?

- A. In 1966 B. In the decade after 1911
C. During the depression of the 1930's D. After 1945

Question 41: The word "five" in line 3 refers to _____.

- A. marriages B. decades C. years D. Canadians

Question 42: The word "surging" in line 4 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. surprising B. extra C. accelerating D. new

Question 43: The author suggests that in Canada during the 1950's _____.

- A. the urban population decreased rapidly B. the birth rate was very high
C. economic conditions were poor D. fewer people married

Question 44: The word "peak" in line 13 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. dismal B. maximum C. mountain D. pointed

Question 45: When was the birth rate in Canada at its lowest postwar level?

- A. 1956 B. 1951 C. 1957 D. 1966

Question 46: The author mentions all of the following as causes of declines in population growth after 1957 EXCEPT _____.

- A. people being better educated B. people getting married earlier
C. better standards of living D. couples buying houses

Question 47: It can be inferred from the passage that before the Industrial Revolution _____.

- A. economic conditions were bad B. population statistics were unreliable
C. families were larger D. the population grew steadily

Question 48: The word "It" in line 23 refers to _____.

- A. nine percent B. population wave C. horizon D. first half

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions from 49 to 50.

Question 49: A. popularity B. apprenticeship C. personality D. conscientious

Question 50: A. referee B. committee C. refugee D. guarantee

SECTION B (4,0 points)

I. Complete the second sentence so that it has the similar meaning to the first sentence using the word given. Do not change the word given.

Question 1: I am confident that he will be successful in his career.

CHANCES

I am confident _____ in his career.

Question 2: We have maintained the level of visitors to the museum this year.

STABLE

The number of visitors to the museum _____ this year.

Question 3: It doesn't matter if you think you know the subject well, you must revise for the exam.

HOWEVER

You must revise for the exam, _____ you know the subject.

Question 4: The irate customer refused to speak to anyone other than the store manager.

ON

The irate customer _____ to the store manager and no one else.

Question 5: The manager should think about experience when hiring new staff.

CONSIDERATION

The manager should _____ when hiring new staff.

II. Write a paragraph.

"Would you like to attend higher education or vocational training after leaving high schools?"

In about 140 words, write a paragraph to state the reasons of your choice.

THE END.

SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO
TỈNH ĐỒNG THÁP

KỶ THI CHỌN HỌC SINH GIỎI LỚP 12 CẤP TỈNH
NĂM HỌC 2016 - 2017

ĐỀ THI MÔN: TIẾNG ANH (KỸ NĂNG NÓI)

Ngày thi: 05/3/2017

Thời gian chuẩn bị: 05 phút

Thời gian trình bày: 05 phút

(Đề thi gồm có: 01 trang)

TOPIC 1

Some people say that the Internet is making the world smaller by bringing people together. To what extent do you agree that the Internet is making it easier for people to communicate with one another?

Get ready to talk to an audience about the topic. You have 5 minutes to sketch out what you are going to say. You should prepare notes instead of full sentences and try to SPEAK as naturally as possible. Your talking time should not exceed 5 minutes.

Good luck!